

GOVERNORS GENERAL OF CANADA—*Continued.*

ENGLISH.	ENGLISH.
1760. Gen. Jeffrey Amherst. ³	1820. Earl of Dalhousie.
1764. Gen. James Murray.	1828. Sir James Kempt.
1768. Gen. Sir Guy Carleton. ⁴ (Lord Dorchester).	1830. Lord Aylmer.
1778. Gen. Frederick Haldimand.	1835. Lord Gosford.
1786. Lord Dorchester.	1838. Earl of Durham.
1797. Major General Prescott.	1839. Sir John Colbourne (Lord Seaton).
1807. Sir James Craig.	1839. Hon. C. P. Thompson (Lord Sydenham)
1811. Sir George Prevost.	1842. Sir Charles Bagot.
1815. Sir Gordon Drummond (Acting).	1843. Sir Charles Metcalfe.
1816. Sir John Coape Sherbrooke.	1845. Earl Cathcart.
1818. Duke of Richmond.	1847. Earl of Elgin.
1819. Sir Peregrine Maitland (Acting).	1855. Sir Edmund Walker Head.
	1861. Lord Monck.

3. Although Amherst's name is usually placed first on the list of English Governors of Canada it is well known that at the capitulation of Montreal he divided the Provinces into three Governments or Districts for each of which he appointed a Governor, and that he himself very shortly afterwards left the country and did not return. The Governors of these three Districts during what is commonly called the period of Military Rule, from 8th September, 1760, to 10th August, 1764, were:—

District of Quebec: Gen. James Murray, September, 1760, to August, 1764.

District of Three Rivers: Col. Ralph Burton, September, 1760, to May, 1762; Col. Fred. Haldimand, May, 1762, to March, 1763; Col. Ralph Burton, March, 1763, to October, 1763; Col. Fred. Haldimand, October, 1763, to August, 1764.

District of Montreal: Gen. Thos. Gage, September, 1763, to October, 1763; Col. Ralph Burton, October, 1763, to August, 1764.

4. Sir Guy Carleton was Lieutenant Governor and acting Governor General from 24th September, 1766, to 25th October, 1768.

GOVERNORS OF NOVA SCOTIA.¹

AT PORT ROYAL.	AT HALIFAX.
1603. Pierre de Monts.	1749. Hon. E. Cornwallis.
1610. Baron de Poutrencourt.	1752. Col. Peregrine Hopson.
1611. Charles de Biencourt.	1753. Col. C. Lawrence.
1623. Charles de la Tour.	1760. J. Belcher (Acting).
1632. Isaac de Razily.	1763. Montagu Wilmot.
1641. Chas. d'Aunay Charnisay.	1766. Michael Franklin.
1651. Chas. de La Tour.	1766. Lord William Campbell.
1657. Sir Thomas Temple. ²	1773. F. Legge.
1670. Hubert de Grandfontaine.	1776. Mariot Arbutnot.
1673. Jacques de Chambly.	1778. Sir Richard Hughes.
1678. Michel de la Vallière.	1781. Sir A. S. Hamond.
1684. François M. Perrot.	1782. John Parr.
1687. Robineau de Menneval.	1791. Richard Bulkeley.
1690. M. de Villebon.	1792. Sir John Wentworth.
1701. M. de Broullan.	1808. Sir G. Prevost.
1704. Simon de Bonaventure.	1811. Sir John Sherbrooke.
1706. M. de Subercase.	1816. Earl of Dalhousie.
1710. Col. Saml. Vetch.	1820. Sir J. Kempt.
1714. Gen. Francis Nicholson.	1828. Sir Peregrine Maitland.
1720. Col. Richard Philips.	1832. Thomas Jeffrey.
1725. Lawrence Armstrong.	1834. Sir C. Campbell.
1739. John Adams.	1840. Lord Falkland.
1740. Major Paul Mascarene.	1846. Sir J. Harvey.
	1852. Sir John G. le Marchant.
	1858. Earl of Mulgrave.
	1864. Sir Richard G. Macdonnell.
	1865. Gen. Sir Fenwick Williams.

1. From 1786 to 1867 the Governor at Quebec held a commission also as Governor of each of the Maritime Provinces, and (from 1791 to 1841) of Upper Canada, the Government of these provinces being administered by a Lieut.-Governor, except during the presence of any province of the Governor General.

2. Acadia was held by the English from 1654 to 1670, for although the Treaty of Breda (1667) provided for its restoration to France it was not actually surrendered till July, 1670.